CHILD PROTECTION PROCESS TIMELINE: REMOVAL TO PERMANENCY

EVENT	RELATED EVENTS/OTHER INFORMATION
Child removed from home	Permanency clock begins on the date of the court-
RJPP 28;	ordered placement, which may be different from the
Minn. Stat. § 260C.175, subd. 1	date of actual removal from home (<i>RJPP 42.02;</i> Minn.
	Stat. § 260C.201, subd. 11(a); 42 U.S.C. §
	675(5)(F)(i)). If child is in voluntary placement,
	permanency clock starts to run 60 days after
	voluntary placement (RJPP 42.02(b)).
Summons and CHIPS Petition	If child is removed involuntarily, the Summons and
served and filed	CHIPS petition must be filed (RJPP 33.05; Minn. Stat.
RJPP 32.02; subd. 5 (service) and	§ 260C.178, subd. 2b; Minn. Stat. § 260C.141, subd.
33.05 (filing)	1) and served at or prior to EPC hearing (<i>RJPP 32.02</i> ,
Minn. Stat. § 260C.141, subd. 1	subd. 5(a)). If child is in voluntary placement, CHIPS
	petition must be served and filed within 90 days of
	placement (Minn. Stat. § 260C.212, subd. 8; RJPP
	44.02). If ICWA case, service must take place 10
	days prior to hearing; tribe may request up to 20
	additional days to prepare for the hearing (RJPP 32.06; 25 U.S.C. § 1912).
Child Protective Services Case	Comment: ICWA supercedes state law and rules. If the child is not in out-of-home placement, a child
Plan	protective services case plan must be served and filed
(for child not removed from	with the CHIPS petition unless the agency includes a
home)	statement stating why it will be filed at a later date
RJPP 37.04	(RJPP 37.04(a)). Court may approve the plan based
Minn. Stat. § 260C.178, subd. 7;	on contents of CHIPS petition and implementation of
and § 260C.212, subd. 1	approved plan may be basis for reasonable efforts
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	determination (Minn. Stat. § 260C.178, subd. 7, RJPP
	37.04 (b)).
	Comment: The Court can't order the case plan
	without a hearing unless the parent agrees.
Emergency Protective Care	The EPC Hearing must be held within 72 hours ² of the
Hearing	child's removal from home. May be continued for up
RJPP 30.01, subd. 1	to 8 days if the court makes the findings required
Minn. Stat. § 260C.178, subd. 1(a)	under the Rules (RJPP 30.01, subd. 2; Minn. Stat. §
	260C.178, subd. 1(a)).

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¹ Diligent efforts to locate both parents of child are required as soon as the child enters foster care; relative search and consideration of placement with relatives occur as early as possible. *Minn. Stat. § 260C.212 subds. 4 and 5.*

² When calculating the 72-hour period, the day the child was removed from home and any Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday is not counted. The last day of the period shall be included, unless it is a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, in which event the period runs to the end of the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday. *RJPP* 4.01.

EVENT	RELATED EVENTS/OTHER INFORMATION
Admit/Deny Hearing	If the child is in out-of-home placement, the
RJPP 34.02, subd. 1(a), subd. 2(a)	Admit/Deny Hearing on a CHIPS petition must be held within 10 days of the EPC Hearing (RJPP 34.02, subd.
	1(a)). Upon agreement of the parties, the
	Admit/Deny Hearing may be combined with the EPC
	Hearing (RJPP 34.02, subd. 1(a)). When the child is
	not in out-of-home placement, the Admit/Deny
	Hearing must be held no sooner than 5 days and not
	later than 20 days after the parties have been served
	with the summons and petition (RJPP 34.02, subd. 2(a)).
Scheduling Order	A scheduling order must be issued in every case at or
RJPP 6.02, subd. 1	within 5 days of the Admit/Deny Hearing (<i>RJPP 6.02, subd. 1</i>).
	Comment: The Scheduling Order template is located on CourtNet.
Out-of-Home Placement Plan	If the child is in out-of-home placement, the Out-of-
RJPP 37.02, subd. 2; 37.03, subd. 1;	Home Placement Plan must be served and filed within
and 37.05	30 days of the child's court-ordered removal (RJPP
Minn. Stat. § 260C.178, subd. 7; and	37.02, subd. 2). The court may approve the plan
§ 260C.212, subd. 1	based upon the contents of the CHIPS petition, and
	implementation of approved plan may be basis for
	reasonable efforts determination (Minn. Stat. §
	260C.178, subd. 7, RJPP 37.02, subd. 4).
	Comment: The Court can't order the case plan without a hearing unless the parent agrees.
Pretrial Conference	A Pretrial Conference should be scheduled in every
RJPP 36.01	case where a denial has been entered so that
7.677 66767	settlement may be attempted and/or issues narrowed
	for trial (RJPP 36.02). A Pretrial Conference must be
	held at least 10 days prior to the trial (RJPP 36.01).
CHIPS Trial	A trial in a CHIPS matter must be commenced within
RJPP 39.02, subd. 1	60 days of the date of the EPC Hearing or Admit/Deny
	Hearing, whichever is earlier. (RJPP 39.02, subd.
	1(a)). If the court makes the findings required under
	the Rules, the court may extend the commencement
	of the trial (RJPP 39.02, subd. 2). Once commenced,
	trial may not be continued or adjourned for more than 1 week unless the court finds that the continuance is
	in the child's best interests (RJPP 39.02, subd. 2(b)).
	Trial must be commenced and completed within 90
	days of denial (RJPP 39.02, subd. 2(b)). County
	attorney determines whether criminal or juvenile case
	proceeds first in cases of egregious harm (RJPP 39.02,
	subd. 1(d)). The court must issue its decision within
	15 days of trial, although this may be extended for up
	to 15 days for good cause (RJPP 39.05, subd. 1).

EVENT	RELATED EVENTS/OTHER INFORMATION
Findings/Adjudication	If the court finds that the statutory grounds set forth
RJPP 40.01	in the petition have been proved, the court may
	adjudicate the child as in need of protection or
	services or may withhold adjudication for period not
	to exceed 90 days from date of finding that the
	statutory grounds are proved (RJPP 40.02).
Disposition Hearing	To the extent practicable, the court shall conduct a
RJPP 41.01	Disposition Hearing and enter disposition, consistent
Minn. Stat. § 260C.201	with Minn. Stat. § 260C.201, the same day as
	adjudicating the child in need of protection or
	services. The disposition order must be issued not
	later than 10 days after adjudication (RJPP 41.02).
Review Hearings	When child is in out-of-home placement, in-court
RJPP 41.06, subd. 1	review hearings must occur at least every 90 days
	following disposition; when child is at home under
	protective supervision, in-court review hearings must
	occur at least every 6 months following disposition
	(RJPP 41.06, subd. 1). Purpose is to determine
	whether the agency has made reasonable or active
	efforts to reunify the child with the parent, to review
	parent's progress on case plan, and to correct any
	problems with services and address barriers to
	reunification. It also affords an opportunity to ensure
	parent understands consequence to both parent and
	child of failure to comply with case plan (RJPP 41.06, subd. 2).
Permanency Progress Review	For a child under age 8 at the time the petition was
Hearing	filed, a Permanency Progress Review Hearing
(for child under age 8)	(different from a Permanent Placement Determination
RJPP 42.01, subd. 1(a);	Hearing) must occur within 180 days of court-ordered
Minn. Stat. § 260C.201, subd. 11a(a)	placement to review progress on case, parent's
	progress on out-of-home placement plan, and
	agency's provision of services (RJPP 42.01, subd.
	1(a)). If the court determines that the parent is
	maintaining regular contact with the child and
	complying with the court-ordered case plan, the court
	may either (1) return the child home if the conditions
	which lead to the out-of-home placement have been
	resolved and it is safe for the child to return, or (2)
	continue the child in out-of-home placement for up to
	an additional six months (Minn. Stat. § 260C.201,
	subd. 11a(c)(1)). If the court determines that the
	parent is not complying with case plan or is not
	maintaining regular contact with the child, the court
	may order the agency to develop a permanent plan
	for the child away from the parent and to file a
	petition to support an order the permanent placement

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	plan (Minn. Stat. § 260C.201, subd. 11a(c)(2)). The
	court's Order must be issued within 15 days of the
	hearing (RJPP 42.05).
Permanent Placement Petition	For child under age 8, unless agency recommends
Filed	return of child to parent or legal custodian,
(for child under age 8)	permanency pleadings must be filed not later than 30
RJPP 42.04, subd. 2;	days prior to Permanency Progress Review Hearing
Minn. Stat. § 260C.201, subd. 11(b)	(RJPP 42.04, subd. 2; Minn. Stat. § 260C.201, subd.
Dormonout Discoment Detition	11(b), and $(c)(2)$.
Permanent Placement Petition filed	For child age 8 or older at the time the petition was
(for child age 8 and older)	filed, unless agency recommends return of child to parent or legal custodian, permanency pleadings must
RJPP 42.04, subd. 2;	be filed not later than 30 days prior to Permanent
Minn. Stat. § 260C.201, subd. 11(b)	Placement Determination Hearing (RJPP 42.04, subd.
Willing State & 2000.201, Subu. 11(b)	2; Minn. Stat. § 260C.201, subd. 11(b). TPR petition
	may be filed after ay 335; if TPR petition is filed and
	trial scheduled on that petition within 90 days of the
	filing no permanency hearing need be held at day 365
	(Minn. Stat. § 260C.201, subd. 11(b).
Permanent Placement	This hearing is the Admit/Deny Hearing on the
Determination Hearing	Permanent Placement Determination Petition and
(for any child who remains in	must be commenced on or before the 365 th day after
out-of-home placement at 12	the child's court-ordered removal from home. If a
months)	denial is entered, trial on a TPR Petition must begin
RJPP 42.01, subd. 1(b);	within 90 days of the filing of the TPR petition (RJPP
Minn. Stat. § 260C.201, subd. 11(a)	39.02, subd. 1(c)). If the court does not order
	termination of parental rights after trial on a TPR
	petition and the child has been in placement 15 of the
	last 22 months, the court must order the child
	returned to the care of the parent unless the court finds compelling reasons why the child should remain
	out of the care of the parent. <i>Minn. Stat.</i> §
	260C.312(b).
Permanent Placement Order	Permanent Placement Decision must be issued within
issued by court ³	15 days of conclusion of trial, but may be extended
RJPP 42.05, subd. 1	for an additional 15 days for good cause shown (RJPP
·	42.05, subd. 1).
Post-Permanency Review	If permanency decision is Transfer of Permanent
following Transfer of Legal	Legal and Physical Custody to a Relative (TLC),
Custody Permanency Decision	juvenile court jurisdiction ends unless retained under
RJPP 42.05, subd. 2(b)	Minn. Stat. § 260C.201, subd. 11(d)(vi), in which case
Minn. Stat. 260C.201, subd.	review hearings will occur as ordered by the court.
11(d)(vi)	(RJPP 42.05, subd. 2(b)). A family court file must be

³ If child is returned home at permanency hearing, the court may modify the disposition to "protective supervision" under Minn. Stat. § 260C.201, subd. 1, and may continue court jurisdiction as long as necessary to ensure child's safety, health and well-being. When the court orders protective supervision, court hearings must be held at least every six (6) months.

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	opened so that a copy of TLC order can be filed in the
	family court file and any future litigation regarding
	visitation, child support, etc., will be heard in the
	family court file. Notice of any family court
	proceedings must be given to social services agency
	(RJPP 42.05, subd. 2(b)).
Post-Permanency Review	If permanency decision is Termination of Parental
following Termination of	Rights (TPR), hearing must take place at least every
Parental Rights Decision	90 days to review progress towards adoption (RJPP
RJPP 43.03, subd. 1	43.03, subd. 1; Minn. Stat. § 260C.201, subd.
Minn. Stat. § 260C.201, subd.	11(f)(3)).
11(f)(3)	
Post-Permanency Review	If permanency decision is Long-Term Foster Care
following Long Term Foster Care	(LTFC), in-court review hearings must take place at
Decision	least annually to ensure child's needs being met; if
RJPP 42.05, subd. 2(e)	placement disrupts, return to court sooner. (RJPP
Minn. Stat. § 260C.201, subd. 11(g)	42.05, subd. 2(e); Minn. Stat. § 260C.201, subd.
	11(g)).